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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/756,579	01/08/2001	John L. Reid	INTL-0463-US (P9817)	5624
7590 11/05/2004		EXAMINER		
Timothy N. Trop			BULLOCK JR, LEWIS ALEXANDER	
TROP, PRUNER & HU, P.C. STE 100			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
8554 KATY FWY			2126	
HOUSTON, T	X 77024-1805		DATE MAILED: 11/05/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	7			
		09/756,579	REID, JOHN L.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Lewis A. Bullock, Jr.	2127				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address				
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Faill Any	CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a o period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta- reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma- led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. t 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recept within the statutory minimum of thirt ind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute. cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		·					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23	September 2004.					
·		his action is non-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allo		ers, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	io <u>n of Cl</u> aims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applicati	on.					
· ·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
·	☐ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner					
•	The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 January 2001</u> is/a		biected to by the Examiner.				
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to t		•				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corn	7 1					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ian priority under 35 U.S.C. &	119(a)-(d) or (f)				
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	ight priority under oo o.o.o. 3	110(4) (4) 01 (1).				
/-	1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume		oplication No.				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the p						
	application from the International Bure	Y					
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a l		received.				
Attachmen	t(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)				
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		n)/Mail Date Iformal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ rr No(s)/Mail Date	08) 5) Notice of In 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over CZAJKOWSKI (U.S. Patent 6,567,974).

As to claim 1, CZAJKOWSKI teaches a method comprising: running at least two applications (applications); and enabling the applications to share a class (application class / system class); and duplicating the member data for the class (see fig. 3-5; col. 10, line 8 – col. 11, line 55; column 12, lines 30-45). CZAJKOWSKI also teaches each application (programs / applications) executes in any type of memory (col. 7, lines 10-13); and providing access (via identity / address of access methods class) to each application to enable each application to access its member data (via each application having access to the instantiated access methods class) (col. 12, lines 35 – col. 13, line 15). Official Notice is taken in that it is well known in the art that shared memory is a type of memory and therefore would be obvious in view of CZAJKOWSKI in order to allow the applications to execute in a shared memory and therein duplicate member data for a class so that the member data is stored in shared memory and accessed by the applications based upon an identifier to the member data for the respective application. It is also well known in the art that when an client instantiates another

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class, i.e. access methods class, a reference to that object is returned to the requesting object and therefore the applications would receive a reference to the methods class when it is instantiated for accessing the application's respective member data.

As to claim 2, CZAJOWSKI teaches enabling each application on a computer system to use memory (col. 6, lines 56 – col. 8, line 8) in sharing a class (abstract). CZAJOWSKI also teaches that the memory is representative of various types of possible memory media (col. 7, lines 2-11). However, CZAJOWSKI does not mention that the memory is shared memory.

Official Notice is taken in that shared memory is well known in the art and would be obvious in view of CZAJOWSKI to share a class in shared memory.

As to claim 3, CZAJOWSKI teaches defining an address space (via separate copies of the static field) specific to each application (col. 12, lines 20-45).

As to claim 4, CZAJKOWSKI teaches duplicating process specific data (static field / static field class) for each application (applications) (col. 12, lines 20-45).

As to claim 5, CZAJKOWSKI teaches automatically (during run-time) duplicating process specific data (static field / static field class) in the address space specific to each application (separate copy of the field for each application) (col. 12, lines 12-45; col. 13, lines 1-6; col. 18, lines 9-12).

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As to claim 6, CZAJKOWSKI teaches defining a share class (access methods class / modified original class) and using the share class to execute an instance of a class to share (col. 12, line 20 – col. 13, line 15).

As to claim 7, CZAJKOWSKI teaches invoking a sharable interface of the class (operable functionality of the access methods class) to obtain a handle (identity) (via access methods class being operable to extract the application identity from the current thread through the modified original class) (col. 13, lines 1-15).

As to claims 8, CZAJKOWSKI teaches specifying the handle (identity) to resolve the context (via the access methods class being operable to extract the application identity from the current thread through the modified original class to invoke the correct copy of the static field class) (col. 13, lines 1-15). However, CZAJKOWSKI does not teach that the handle is specified in a method call.

Official Notice is taken in that it is well known in the art that objects and classes communicate with one another through method calls. Therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art to modify the teachings of CZAJKOWSKI with the well known teaching of object oriented communication through method calls in order to retrieve the identity (handle) from a thread object through a method call in order for the objects (thread object / access methods class / modified original class) to communicate with one another.

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As to claims 9-16, reference is made to an article that corresponds to the method of claims 1-8 and is therefore met by the rejection of claims 1-8 above.

As to claims 17-20, reference is made to a system that corresponds to the method of claims 1-4 and is therefore met by the rejection of claims 1-4 above.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 9/21/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's argument is that the cited reference does not teach that the member data is not stored in shared memory. The examiner disagrees. The cited reference teaches that the applications execute in any type of memory. Shared memory is a well known form of memory and therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art that the applications, as well as, the member data are stored in shared memory. Secondly, Applicant argues that the applications do not have a handle to the member data. The examiner disagrees. It is well known in the art that a client requesting access to a class or object must instantiate the class and return a handle to the client, so that the client can access the object. The cited prior art of "Understanding ActiveX and OLE" teaches this on page 58 and 62, in particular fig. 2-5 and 2-6. Therefore, since the access methods class provides access to each applications member data based on the identity of the application, each application must have a

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pointer to the instantiated access methods class in order to invoke their respective member data.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lewis A. Bullock, Jr. whose telephone number is (571) 272-3759. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30 am - 5:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

EWIS A. BULLOCK, JR. PRIMARY EXAMINED